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Jurnal Pengabdian dan Peningkatan Mutu Masyarakat (Janayu) is a peer-reviewed journal. This statement clarifies ethical behavior of all parties involved in the act of publishing an article in this journal, including the author, the chief editor, the Editorial Board, the peerreviewer----- and the publisher (Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang). This statement is based on COPE's Best Practice Guidelines for Journal Editors.

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When an author discovers a significant error or inaccuracy in his/her own published work, it is the author's obligation to promptly notify the journal editor or publisher and cooperate with the editor to retract or correct the paper.

AUTHOR GUIDELINES

A. Type of Contributions

Janayu is peer reviewed journal published by Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang. It Is in the national level that covers a lot of common problems or issues related to community services. The aim of this journal publication is to disseminate the conceptual thoughts or ideas and research results that have been achieved in the area of community services.

The first issued in March 2020, Janayu is publishing result of Community Service Activities articles consistently. Janayu publishes the new editions twice per year . Janayu has published both printed (book) and electronic (PDF) versions.

Janayu receives rigorous articles that have not been offered for publication elsewhere. Janayu focuses on the issue related to social humaniora that are relevant for the development of theory and practices in Indonesia and southeast asia especially and also in the world. Therefore, Janayu accepts the articles from Indonesia authors and other countries.

Focus and Scope of the Jurnal Pegabdian dan Peningkatan Mutu Masyarakat is a National Journal based on the result of Community Service Activities in Applied Social Humaniora. Janayu particularly focuses on the main problems in the development of community services areas as follows:

- 1. Education for Sustainable Development.
- 2. Training, Marketing, Appropriate Technology, Design;
- 3. Community Empowerment, Social Access;
- 4. Border Region, Less Developed Region.

B. General requirements

- 1. The text submitted by the author is the original scientific paper, has never been published, and is not being submitted for publication in other media / journals
- 2. The text proposed may be results of the study (field / literature), conceptual ideas, studies, application of theories, and criticism in the social, humanities, and technology
- 3. Scripts can be written either in Indonesian or in EnglishThe manuscript is written with Times New Roman of font 12 with single spacing and one column format.
- 4. The manuscript begins with abstract of 100-150 words written in Indonesian and English.
- 5. The English-language abstracts are typed slanted with font of 10.



- 6. Abstracts should clearly indicate background of the problems, objectives, theories and methods, findings or novelty of ideas, and main conclusions.
- 7. The author's name is written without academic degrees. If a script is written by a team or more than one person, the editor will communicate only with the main author or the author whose name is listed in the first place.
- 8. Scripts are organized into five subheadings in the following order: (a) Introduction: includes problem identification, literature review, research objectives, as well as the benefits of the research, (b) Method: consists of the way the research is done and a description of the material, equipment, and procedures used in conducting the analysis or research, (c) Results and Discussion: describes the results of research or analysis and can be presented in sub-chapters, (d) Conclusion: written in the form of a summary and if necessary, each paragraph containing conclusions of the research can be given serial numbers. (e) bibliography: Bibliography arranged alphabetically refers to the APA Style of Citation.
- 9. Use the End Note application to facilitate the inclusion of references. Review script can be written in Indonesian or English as many as 5-7 pages.
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- 13. Article Format has met the Style Guide of Janayu.
- 14. The article has not been published in any media and is not being submitted to other journals.
- 15. The article does not contain the results of plagiarism, falsification, and fabrication of data.

C. Manuscript Structure

In general, manuscripts should be arranged in the following order: Title; Authors name and affiliation, Abstract; Preliminary; Method; Results and Discussion; Conclusion; Acknowledgment (optional); and References. SUBTITLE must be written in CAPITALIZE EACH WORD (bold capital) and placed on the left side of the page.



Maximum Publications Title 12 Words

(Center, Times New Roman 14)

First Author^{*1}, Second Author², Third Author³

^{1,2}Institution/affiliation; addres, telp/fax of institution/affiliation

³Program Studi Akuntansi, Fakultas Ekonomi dan Bisnis, Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang

e-mail: <u>xxxx@xxxx.xxx</u>

Abstract

Abstract A maximum of 200 words printed in italics with Times New Roman 11 point. The abstract should be clear, descriptive and should provide a brief overview of community service issues undertaken / researched. Abstracts include reasons for the selection of topics or the importance of community service, methods of community service and outcome summary. The abstract should end with a comment about the importance of the result or a brief conclusion.

Keywords—3-6 keywords, Accompaniment, Income, Marketing Based On Social,

1. PRELIMINARY

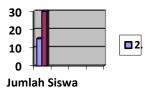
The introduction outlines the background of the problem being resolved, issues related to the problem being resolved, Describe the analysis of the current situation of the partners relevant to the problem to be handled, supplemented with data and facts.

2. METHOD

Papers should contain writing that contains 1. Introduction, 2. Methods (can include analysis, architecture, methods used to solve problems, implementation). Describe programs that are mutually agreed upon to resolve partner issues. Describe the approach method of each solution offered to solve partner problems

3. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Discussion of the results of research and testing obtained is presented in the form of theoretical descriptions, both qualitatively and quantitatively. The results of the experiment should be displayed in the form of graphs or tables. Charts can follow the format for diagrams and pictures.



Gambar 2 Grafik perbandingan jumlah siswa tahun 2018 dan 2019



| | 8 | |
|---|-------|--------------|
| _ | Tahun | Jumlah Siswa |
| _ | 2018 | 15 Siswa |
| | 2019 | 30 Siswa |

4. CONCLUSION

The conclusion must clearly indicate the results obtained, their advantages and disadvantages, and the possibility of further development. Conclusions can be in the form of paragraphs that explain conclusions, implications and suggestions.

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