



P-ISSN: 2715 – 1964

E-ISSN: 2654 – 8321

Jurnal Akademi Akuntansi (JAA)

Program Studi Akuntansi – Fakultas Ekonomi dan Bisnis
Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang

Jl. Raya Tlogomas No. 246 Malang, Jawa Timur 65144

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TEMPLATE JURNAL AKADEMI AKUNTANSI (JAA)

JUDUL ☹(Bahasa Indonesia) Judul tidak lebih dari 25 kata, Judul menggunakan Huruf Kapital Semua (Font: Bell MT; Font Size: 14)

TITLE ☹(*English Title Here*) Title no more than 25 words, Title uses All Capital Letters (Font: Bell MT; Font Size: 14)

Nama (nama) Penulis / Author Name

Afiliasi (para) penulis / Author Affiliation

“Contoh: Fakultas Ekonomi dan Bisnis, Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang, Indonesia”

Alamat surel penulis (utama)/ Corresponding author

Abstract Jurnal Akademi Akuntansi terdiri dari 2 Abstrak yaitu berbahasa Inggris dan Bahasa Indonesia. (Font: Bell MT; Font Size: 12)

Abstract ☹*Abstract* ditulis dalam bahasa Inggris dengan kalimat *present tense* dan tidak lebih dari 150 kata dalam satu paragraf dengan spasi 1 (*single space*). *Abstract* harus berisi: tujuan, metode, hasil, dan simpulan penting penelitian.

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.....

Keywords: ☹3-5 kata kunci (alphabetical order)

Abstrak ☹*Abstract* ditulis dalam bahasa Indonesia dan tidak lebih dari 150 kata dalam satu paragraf dengan spasi 1 (*single space*). *Abstract* harus berisi: tujuan, metode, hasil, dan simpulan penting penelitian.

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Keywords: ☹3-5 kata kunci (alphabetical order)

PENDAHULUAN (Font: Bell MT; Font Size: 12)

Uraikan:

Isu/fenomena riset/riset gap

.....
.....

Teori atas isu/fenomena

.....



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Ringkasan penelitian terdahulu

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.....
Positioning paper (tujuan penelitian dan perbedaan penelitian yang dilakukan dengan penelitian-penelitian terdahulu)

.....
.....
Jabarkan proses pengembangan hipotesis dengan berdasarkan pada Teori, Riset terdahulu, Logika (jika penelitian menggunakan hipotesis)

METODE

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.....
Pada bagian metode harus dituliskan secara jelas bagaimana penelitian dilakukan. Untuk penelitian studi kasus (termasuk penelitian non-positivisme/kualitatif), bagian ini meliputi: jenis penelitian, obyek, data, dan teknik/tahapan analisis. Untuk penelitian survei, bagian ini berisi: jenis penelitian, populasi dan teknik pengambilan sampel, jenis dan sumber data, instrumen penelitian, dan teknik analisis data.

HASIL DAN PEMBAHASAN

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Deskriptif Statistik ☺sajikan data penelitian disini

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Analisis Data dan Pembahasan ☺sajikan hasil analisis data disini (termasuk output aplikasi statistik)



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Lakukan pembahasan (diskusi) atas hasil analisis data dengan merujuk ke teori, riset terdahulu, dan logika (logical thinking)

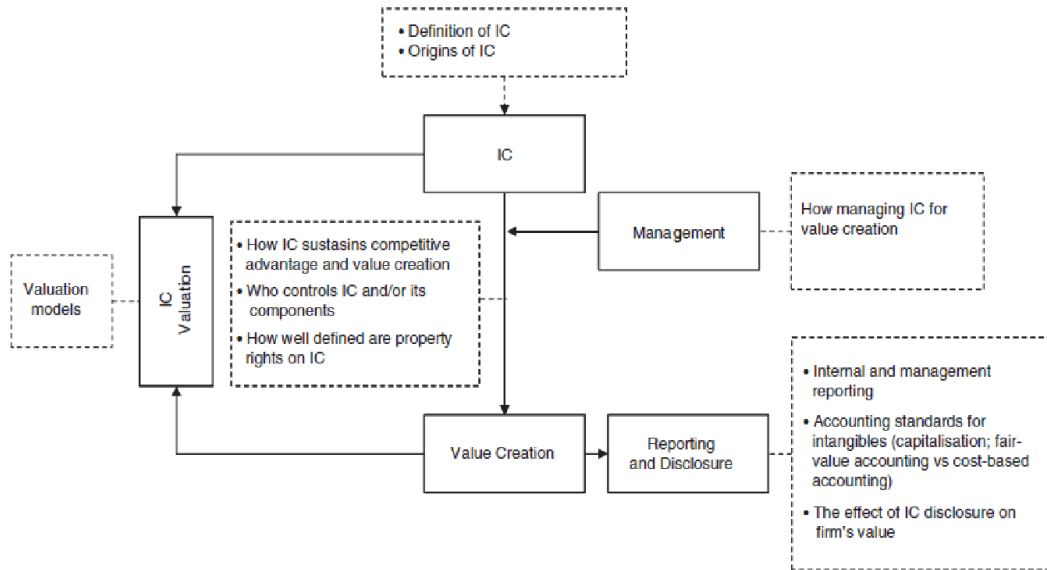
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Contoh Tabel dan Gambar

Tabel 1. Kategori Kinerja IC Industri Perbankan Indonesia

Tahun	KATEGORI KINERJA IC	
	Versi Kamath	Versi Mavridis
2004	<i>Top Performers</i>	<i>Top Performers</i>
2005	<i>Common Performers</i>	<i>Top Performers</i>
2006	<i>Bad Performers</i>	<i>Common Performers</i>

Sumber: Ulum (2009)



Sumber: Marzo (2014)

Gambar 1. Isu-isu tentang Intellectual Capital

SIMPULAN DAN SARAN ☺*simpulkan hasil penelitian dalam format narasi, bukan “pointer” (maksimal 150 kata). Pada bagian ini dapat ditambahkan “keterbatasan” dan “saran”.*

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EDITORIAL OFFICE:

Jurnal Akademi Akuntansi (JAA)

Program Studi Akuntansi
Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang

Jl. Raya Tlogomas 246 Malang, Jawa Timur



9 772715 196002

P-ISSN: 2715-1964



9 772654 832009

E-ISSN: 2654-8321