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The title is presented in an informative, concise, and exciting manner. (Consist of 15-25 words, Times New Roman, 14, Bold)

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ABSTRACT (Times New Roman, 11, Bold)

The abstract contains a brief description about overall article's, problems and research objectives, research methods, research results, conclusions and suggestions. Abstract consists of 200-250 words. (Times New Roman 12, 1 space, italic)

Keywords: *one; two; three (consist of 3-5 words that describe important concepts or variables in the article, to facilitate the searching. Times New Roman 12, italic)*

INTRODUCTION (Times New Roman 12, Bold)

The introduction consists of (1) the background of the study, (2) the formulation of the research problem, (3) the purpose of the study, (4) the summary of theoretical studies relating to the problem or phenomenon being studied. The introduction is written in Times New Roman 12, 1 Space, with an indentation of 1 cm at the beginning of a new paragraph. Foreign languages are italicized. Writing abbreviations and acronyms is written in parentheses after its actual extension words. After the first writing the new acronym can be written directly without its extension. For example, Customer Relationship Management (CRM).

LITERATURE REVIEW (Times New Roman 12, 1 space, Bold)

Literature review contains related theories about variables or topics raised in the article. Literature reviews must be containing the results from previous studies related to the research topic. In this section, quantitative research indicators are also used to measure research variables. Literature reviews can also contain research hypotheses, research questions, or propositions. Articles that include figures (charts, pictures, photographs and histograms) must be written in the following format.

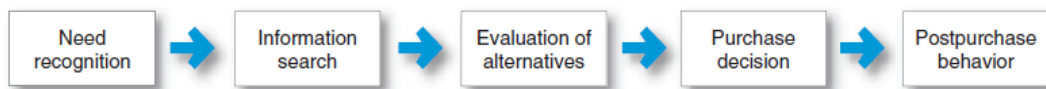
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Example 1 (Pictures taken from references or other researchers):



Source: Kotler and Armstrong (2012)

Figure 1. The Five Stage Model of the Consumer Purchase Decision Process

Example 2 (Image created by the author of the article himself):

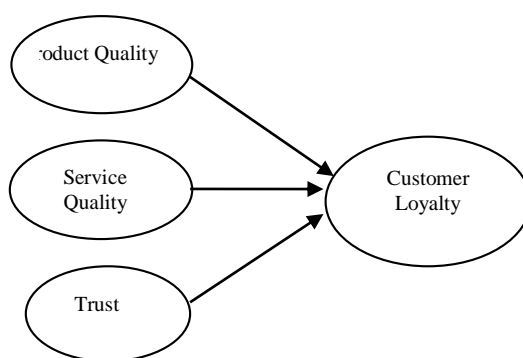


Figure 2. Conceptual Framework of the Antecedents of Customer Loyalty

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Table 1. Erha Clinic Visitor Data for 3 Years

Month	2013	2014	2015
January	301	413	465
February	268	370	478
March	337	345	441
April	364	348	515
May	348	405	489
June	326	453	466
July	347	446	554
August	361	438	536
September	352	487	565
October	407	486	543
November	365	498	574
December	364	473	539
Total	4.140	5.162	6.165

Source: Erha Clinic Malang (2017)

Mathematical equations written in italics with cambria math letters, size 11, and centered. Writing decimal numbers separated by commas (,) and if more than one use semicolon (;) as separator. Writing explanations of mathematical equations must be in narrative form, not allowed in bullet or numbering form.

Example of writing mathematical equation:

$$PI = \frac{\sum PV \text{ Kas Bersih}}{\sum PV \text{ Investasi}} \times 100\%$$

For the information, PI is the profitability index, which is the ratio of the activity of the value of the net present value to the present value of net income with the value of investment expenditure over the life of the investment. Net Cash PV is the present value of net cash, and PV Investment is the present value of a company's investment.

RESEARCH METHOD (Times New Roman 12, 1 space, Bold)

In this section contains the type of research conducted, population and sample research, research locations, data collection methods and data analysis techniques used. If there are figures or tables from the results of the data analysis, then use the provisions that have been explained in the sample figures and tables above.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION (Times New Roman 12, space 1, Bold)

Please provide the results systematically, concisely, and clearly. Next, compare your findings with various literatures, both of which tend to support or contradict. If there is a contradiction, convey the possible cause based on your analysis accompanied by supporting theories or other relevant research results.

CONCLUSION (Times New Roman 12, 1 space, Bold)

Based on the discussion you have made, conclude the finding. The conclusion must answer the research objectives in the introduction. Conclusions must contain clearly the results obtained and written in narrative form (not in bullet form).

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LIPI. 2016. Data Perkapita Penduduk Indonesia Dalam Angka. Jakarta: LIPI Press
Luthans, Fred. 2005. Organizational Behavior 10th Edition. New York. The McGraw-

- Hill Companies, Inc
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- Widagdo, Bambang., Widayat., Yuliati, Uci., Rumijati, Aniek., dan Irawati, Sandra. 2014. *Guidelines for Writing Article*. Malang : UMM Press
- Widayat. 2008. "Penentu Perilaku Berinvestasi". *Ekonomika Bisnis*. Vol.01 No.02. Thn 2008. Pp. 111-127
- Wilber, Ken. 2000. *A Theory of Everything* (third ed.). Boston: Shambhala Publications, Inc.

AUTHOR GUIDELINES MANAJEMEN BISNIS JOURNAL

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1. Articles are the author's original work.
2. Articles have never been published or given to the other publication media.
3. Articles have relevance to the field of Business Management.
4. Articles should be in the form of Research Articles.
5. Published articles don't always reflect the Editor's view.

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF WRITING

1. Articles are typed in A4 paper size.
2. The maximum page of each article is 15 pages including the bibliography.
3. The size of the margin used is 3 cm above, 3 cm left, 3 cm below, and 3 cm right.
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8. Articles writing style must be consistent from the beginning till the end.
9. The citation must be managed by citation managers such as Mendeley, Zotero, or EndNote.
10. Article written in one column format
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 5. Abstract
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 11. Conclusions
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ARTICLE WRITING STANDARDS

ARTICLE TITLE

1. The title is presented in an informative, concise, and exciting manner and consists of 15-25 words.
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ABSTRACT

1. The abstract must be consisting of a brief description of the objectives, methods, results of the study, and conclusions.
2. The abstract is written using Times New Roman, size 12pt, 1 space, italic.
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